

OKLAHOMA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
COMMITTEE REPORT

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JOINT COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET

HB2348

By: Osborn (Leslie) et al of the House
David et al of the Senate

Title: Revenue and taxation; Oklahoma Revenue and Taxation Codes
Amendments Act of 2017; effective date; emergency.

Coauthored By:

Recommendation: **DO PASS AS AMENDED BY CS**

Amendments:

1. Committee Substitute Attached



Chr.
Representative Leslie Osborn

YEAS: 15

Biggs, Casey, Cockroft, Jordan, Martin, O'Donnell, Ortega, Osborn (L), Ownbey, Pfeiffer, Roberts (D),
Sanders, Sears, Wallace, Wright

NAYS: 7

Bennett (J), Calvey, Inman, Loring, Murphey, Stone, Virgin

CONSTITUTIONAL PRIVILEGE: 0

**OKLAHOMA STATE SENATE
JOINT
COMMITTEE REPORT**

April 27, 2017

JOINT COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET

HB 2348

By: Osborn (Leslie) of the House and David and Fields of the Senate

Title: Revenue and taxation; Oklahoma Revenue and Taxation Codes Amendments Act of 2017; effective date; emergency.

Recommendation: **DO PASS AS AMENDED**

Aye: Allen, Bergstrom, Bice, Boggs, Brown, Daniels, Dugger, Griffin, Holt, Jech, Kidd, Leewright, Marlatt, McCortney, Paxton, Pemberton, Pugh, Rader, Scott, Shaw, Simpson, Smalley, Thompson, Yen, Fields, David

Nay: Brecheen, Dahm, Dossett, Floyd, Fry, Matthews, Newberry, Pederson, Pittman, Quinn, Silk, Sparks, Standridge, Sykes

Pass:

Senator Kim David, Chair

Committee Substitute, motion by Senator DAVID - Adopted (Request No: 7771)

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 2348

By: Osborn (Leslie) and Wallace
of the House

and

David and Fields of the
Senate

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

An Act relating to revenue and taxation; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Sections 2358, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 334, O.S.L. 2016 and 2368, as amended by Section 2, Chapter 28, O.S.L. 2016 (68 O.S. Supp. 2016, Sections 2358 and 2368), which relate to the Oklahoma Income Tax Code; modifying provisions related to standard deduction; prescribing standard deduction amounts; imposing requirements with respect to Oklahoma income tax return filing; imposing requirements with respect to certain resident individuals; imposing requirements with respect to nonresident individual income tax returns; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 334, O.S.L. 2016 (68 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:

1 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
2 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
3 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
4 as required by this section.

5 A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
6 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
7 adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

8 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
9 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
10 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
11 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
12 income.

13 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
14 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
15 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
16 of Oklahoma.

17 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
18 be adjusted as follows:

19 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
20 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any
21 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for
22 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an
23 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss
24 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant

1 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for
2 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of
3 the total loss for such year;

4 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years

5 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any
6 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable
7 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the
8 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks
9 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be
10 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as
12 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351
13 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without
14 regard to the existence of a federal net operating
15 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31,
16 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to
17 which such losses may be carried shall be determined
18 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal
19 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the
20 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and
21 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net
22 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For
23 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and
24 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such

1 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2)
2 years. For tax years beginning after December 31,
3 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried
4 back shall be determined solely by reference to
5 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
6 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net
7 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced
8 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma
9 taxable income".

10 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
11 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
12 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
13 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
14 on the same basis as those items:

15 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
16 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
17 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
18 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
19 property;

20 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
21 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
22 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
23 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
24 of the taxpayer, except that:

1 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
2 business or commercial situs apart from the
3 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be
4 allocated in accordance with such business or
5 commercial situs; interest income from
6 investments held to generate working capital for
7 a unitary business enterprise shall be included
8 in apportionable income; a resident trust or
9 resident estate shall be treated as having a
10 separate commercial or business situs insofar as
11 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not
12 be treated as having a separate commercial or
13 business situs insofar as distributed income is
14 concerned,

15 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,
16 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from
17 the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly
18 traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b)
19 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
20 shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of
21 the original cost of such partnership's tangible
22 property in this state to the original cost of
23 such partnership's tangible property everywhere,
24 as determined at the time of the sale; if more

1 than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the
2 partnership's assets consists of intangible
3 assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from
4 the sale of an ownership interest in the
5 partnership shall be allocated to this state in
6 accordance with the sales factor of the
7 partnership for its first full tax period
8 immediately preceding its tax period during which
9 the ownership interest in the partnership was
10 sold; the provisions of this division shall only
11 apply if the capital or ordinary gains or losses
12 from the sale of an ownership interest in a
13 partnership do not constitute qualifying gain
14 receiving capital treatment as defined in
15 subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of subsection F of
16 this section,

17 (3) income from such property which is required to be
18 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
19 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein
20 provided;

21 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is
22 not a part of business carried on within or without
23 the state of a unitary character shall be separately
24

1 allocated to the state in which such activity is
2 conducted;

3 d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
4 enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists
5 solely of marketing its products by:

6 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped
7 directly to a point from without the state to a
8 purchaser within the state, commonly known as
9 interstate sales,

10 (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
11 within the state pursuant to "in transit"
12 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
13 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
14 within the state,

15 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
16 within the state where the shipment to such
17 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
18 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
19 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
20 within or without the state,

21 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the
22 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of
23 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived
24 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales

1 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales
2 defined in this section made to the purchaser within
3 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term
4 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means
5 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of
6 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

7 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable
8 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for
9 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments
10 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1
11 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

12 (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of
13 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance
14 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned
15 to this state by multiplying such income by a
16 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct
17 premiums written for insurance on property or
18 risks in this state, and the denominator of which
19 is the direct premiums written for insurance on
20 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of
21 this subsection, the term "direct premiums
22 written" means the total amount of direct
23 premiums written, assessments and annuity
24 considerations as reported for the taxable year

1 on the annual statement filed by the company with
2 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved
3 by the National Association of Insurance
4 Commissioners, or such other form as may be
5 prescribed in lieu thereof,

6 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an
7 insurance company consists of premiums for
8 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of
9 such company shall be apportioned to this state
10 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the
11 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct
12 premiums written for insurance on property or
13 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written
14 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property
15 or risks in this state, and the denominator of
16 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written
17 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,
18 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance
19 accepted in respect of property or risks
20 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,
21 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in
22 respect of property or risks in this state,
23 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the
24 election of the company be determined on the

1 basis of the proportion which premiums written
2 for insurance accepted from companies
3 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to
4 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from
5 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion
6 which the sum of the direct premiums written for
7 insurance on property or risks in this state by
8 each ceding company from which reinsurance is
9 accepted bears to the sum of the total direct
10 premiums written by each such ceding company for
11 the taxable year.

12 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate
13 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is
14 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to
15 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors
16 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue
17 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net
18 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from
19 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on
20 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,
21 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,
22 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any
23 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in
24 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on

1 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property
2 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an
3 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million
4 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after
5 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or
6 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost
7 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)
8 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is
9 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be
10 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five
11 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty
12 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment
13 factors shall be computed as follows:

14 a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of
15 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and
16 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in
17 this state during the tax period and the denominator
18 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's
19 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned
20 or rented and used during the tax period.

21 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
22 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
23 shall not be included in determining this
24 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall

1 include a portion of the investment in
2 transportation and other equipment having no
3 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks
4 and trailers, including machinery and equipment
5 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons'
6 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the
7 proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by
8 such equipment bears to total miles traveled,

9 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
10 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer
11 is valued at eight times the net annual rental
12 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual
13 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
14 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
15 subrentals,

16 (3) The average value of property shall be determined
17 by averaging the values at the beginning and
18 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax
19 Commission may require the averaging of monthly
20 values during the tax period if reasonably
21 required to reflect properly the average value of
22 the taxpayer's property;

23 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
24 which is the total compensation for services rendered

1 in the state during the tax period, and the
2 denominator of which is the total compensation for
3 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.

4 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those
5 paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary
6 business but does not include officers' salaries,
7 wages and other compensation.

8 (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the
9 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
10 of such expenditure in connection with employees
11 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as
12 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus
13 drivers, in this state only a part of the time,
14 in the proportion that mileage traveled in
15 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such
16 employees,

17 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
18 include a portion of such expenditures in
19 connection with itinerant employees, such as
20 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
21 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
22 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance
23 of the enterprise by such employees;
24

1 c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
2 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
3 this state during the tax period, and the denominator
4 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the
5 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",
6 as used in this subsection does not include sales or
7 gross revenue which are separately allocated in
8 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

9 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs
10 in this state if the property is delivered or
11 shipped to a purchaser other than the United
12 States government, within this state regardless
13 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale;
14 or the property is shipped from an office, store,
15 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in
16 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United
17 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not
18 doing business in the state of the destination of
19 the shipment.

20 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
21 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
22 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
23 this state as shown in its annual report to the
24 Corporation Commission.

1 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
2 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
3 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the
4 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
5 of revenue from interstate transportation in the
6 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in
7 Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage
8 traveled.

9 (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline
10 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
11 be either the total of traffic units of the
12 enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue
13 allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at
14 the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator
15 of which shall be the total of traffic units of
16 the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise
17 everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A
18 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the
19 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of
20 one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline
21 or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or
22 casinghead gas, as the case may be.

23 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other
24 communication enterprise, the numerator of the

1 fraction shall include that portion of the
2 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to
3 the accounting procedures prescribed by the
4 Federal Communications Commission; provided that
5 in respect to each corporation or business entity
6 required by the Federal Communications Commission
7 to keep its books and records in accordance with
8 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such
9 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be
10 determined separately in the manner provided by
11 such uniform system of accounts and only the
12 interstate income shall be subject to allocation
13 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.
14 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors
15 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the
16 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal
17 Communications Commission.

18 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors
19 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net
20 income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the
21 property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because
22 of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not
23 employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise;
24 or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a

1 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of
2 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a
3 showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been
4 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an
5 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma,
6 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or
7 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.
8 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed
9 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income
10 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and
11 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income
12 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable
13 portion thereof.

14 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or
15 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state
16 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an
17 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent
18 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded
19 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,
20 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen
21 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded
22 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming
23 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated
24 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars

1 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
2 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible
3 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph
4 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In
5 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this
6 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any
7 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One
8 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into
9 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption
10 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this
11 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an
12 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph
13 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which
14 the investment was originally made.

15 For purposes of this paragraph:

16 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means
17 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used
18 or operated primarily for the processing or production
19 of marketable products from agricultural commodities.
20 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that
21 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two
22 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which
23 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not
24 include a facility that provides only, and nothing

1 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation
2 of agricultural commodities, and

3 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
4 used in a process primarily for:

5 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
6 including receiving or storing agricultural
7 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
8 operation,

9 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
10 product before, during or after the processing,
11 or

12 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
13 sale or shipment.

14 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
15 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
16 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
17 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
18 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
19 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
20 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

21 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

22 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
23 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
24

1 the income from all other sources other than reflected
2 on Schedule F.

3 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all
4 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in
5 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.
6 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
7 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant
8 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this
9 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the
10 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

11 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
12 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
13 Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
14 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
15 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
16 utilized.

17 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010,
18 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to
19 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income
20 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
21 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment
22 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from
23 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred
24 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)

1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by Section 1231 of
2 the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

3 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
4 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those
5 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section
7 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the
8 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the
9 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C.,
10 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after
11 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma
12 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for
13 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
14 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
15 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the
16 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax
17 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,
18 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for
19 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of
20 such assets.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
22 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
23 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
24

1 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
2 and before January 1, 1983.

3 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which
4 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an
5 adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year
6 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such
7 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The
8 purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance
9 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal
10 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

11 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and
12 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to
13 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-
14 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a
15 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as
16 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

17 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the
18 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to
19 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to
20 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor
21 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an
22 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result
23 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed
24 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such

1 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such
2 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years
3 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from
4 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of
5 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,
6 1988.

7 2. For purposes of this subsection:

8 a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
9 organized as a corporation, partnership, or
10 proprietorship, organized for profit with its
11 principal place of business located within this state
12 and which meets the following criteria:

13 (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
14 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),

15 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
16 employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the
17 time of the transfer, and

18 (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
19 corporation;

20 b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
21 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or
22 technical information which is not in the public
23 domain;

1 c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
2 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
3 at the time the transfer is made; and

4 d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
5 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
6 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

7 D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the
8 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further
9 adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such
10 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from
11 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving
12 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during
13 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such
14 corporation, estate or trust.

15 2. As used in this subsection:

16 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
17 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
18 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
19 federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
20 or trust that result from:

21 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
22 property located within Oklahoma that has been
23 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
24 estate or trust for a holding period of at least

1 five (5) years prior to the date of the
2 transaction from which such net capital gains
3 arise,

4 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership
5 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited
6 liability company, or partnership where such
7 stock or ownership interest has been directly or
8 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or
9 trust for a holding period of at least three (3)
10 years prior to the date of the transaction from
11 which the net capital gains arise, or

12 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
13 property or intangible personal property located
14 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
15 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
16 company, limited liability company, or
17 partnership where such property has been directly
18 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the
19 owners of such entity, and used in or derived
20 from such entity for a period of at least three
21 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction
22 from which the net capital gains arise,

23 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
24 time. The holding period shall include any additional

1 period when the property was held by another
2 individual or entity, if such additional period is
3 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
4 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

5 c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or
6 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
7 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
8 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date
9 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
10 arise,

11 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset,
12 and

13 e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
14 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
15 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
16 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

17 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
18 tangible personal property located within
19 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
20 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
21 through entity that makes the sale has held the
22 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
23 years prior to the date of the transaction that
24 created the capital gain, and each pass-through

1 entity included in the chain of ownership has
2 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
3 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
4 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
5 five (5) years.

6 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
7 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
8 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
9 liability company, or partnership, the deduction
10 described in this subsection shall not apply
11 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
12 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or
13 the assets for not less than three (3)
14 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
15 transaction that created the capital gain, and
16 each pass-through entity included in the chain of
17 ownership has been a member, partner or
18 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the
19 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted
20 period of not less than three (3) years.

21 E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
22 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma
23 taxable income:

1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.
- b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind only if the central visual acuity of the individual does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty (20) degrees.
- c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at the close of the tax year based upon the filing status and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income does not exceed:

- (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if married and filing jointly;
- (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00) if married and filing separately;
- (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single; and
- (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a qualifying head of household.

Provided, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the conversion of a traditional individual retirement account to a Roth individual retirement account shall be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for purposes of the income thresholds provided in this subparagraph.

2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross

1 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to
2 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that
3 in the case of a married individual filing a separate
4 return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen
5 percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income
6 or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed
7 the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars
8 (\$1,000.00).

9 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
10 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of
11 individuals who use the standard deduction in
12 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
13 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
14 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard
15 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an
16 amount equal to:

17 (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing
18 status is married filing joint, head of household
19 or qualifying widow; or

20 (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing
21 status is single or married filing separate.

22 c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
23 ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
24 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable

1 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
2 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
3 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
4 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

5 (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
6 if the filing status is married filing joint or
7 qualifying widow; or

8 (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
9 (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or

10 (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
11 (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
12 married filing separate.

13 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
14 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
15 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
16 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
17 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
18 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
19 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

20 (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
21 the filing status is married filing joint or
22 qualifying widow, or

23 (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
24 (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or

1 (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
2 (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or
3 married filing separate.

4 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and
5 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
6 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
8 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
9 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

11 (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),
12 if the filing status is married filing joint or
13 qualifying widow, or

14 (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
15 (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or

16 (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
17 (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or
18 married filing separate.

19 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by
20 any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which
21 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

22 f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
23 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of
24 individuals who use the standard deduction in

determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.

g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows:

(1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing separately,

(2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or qualifying widower with dependent child, and

(3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$9,350.00) for head of household.

3. In the case of resident and part-year resident individuals having adjusted gross income from sources both within and without

1 the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal
2 exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion
3 of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of
4 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include
5 allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be
6 required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully
7 deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no
8 part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers
9 moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard
10 deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as
11 provided by law.

12 4. A resident individual with a physical disability
13 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from
14 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor
15 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or
16 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans
17 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected
18 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a
19 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to
20 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a
21 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which
22 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission
23 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

- 1 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five
2 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person
3 from the United States as salary or compensation in
4 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member
5 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
6 States shall be deducted from taxable income.
- 7 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%)
8 of the income received by any person from the United
9 States as salary or compensation in any form, other
10 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component
11 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be
12 deducted from taxable income.
- 13 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a
14 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is
15 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
16 reason of:
- 17 (1) absence from the United States, which term
18 includes only the states and the District of
19 Columbia;
- 20 (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma while on
21 active duty; or
- 22 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United
23 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or
24 disease,

1 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall
2 be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for
3 interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third
4 month following the month in which:

5 (a) Such individual shall return to the United
6 States if the extension is granted pursuant
7 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return
8 to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is
9 granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this
10 paragraph or be discharged from such
11 hospital if the extension is granted
12 pursuant to subparagraph c of this
13 paragraph; or

14 (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator
15 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,
16 whichever event occurs the earliest.

17 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant
18 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of
19 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax
20 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such
21 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax
22 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in
23 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,
24 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

1 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of
2 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any
3 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be
4 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is
5 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is
6 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010,
7 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as
8 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

9 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
10 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
11 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
12 year.

13 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this
14 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual
15 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the
16 extent they relate to income subject to taxation
17 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
18 Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding
19 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the
20 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted
21 gross income.

22 c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income
23 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes
24 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though

1 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining
2 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for
3 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not
4 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten
5 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced
6 refund of the credit received during the tax year
7 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and
8 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-
9 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not
10 be subject to taxation.

11 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
12 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and
13 beginning before January 1, 2006.

14 8. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred
15 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
16 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand
17 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax
18 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of
19 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,
20 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law
21 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
22 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
23 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant
24 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the

1 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma
2 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma
3 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee
4 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-
5 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt
6 from taxable income.

7 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
8 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
9 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
10 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
11 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

12 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-
13 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
14 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
15 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which
16 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or
17 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,
18 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a
19 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account
20 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
21 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage
22 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in
23 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from
24

1 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of
2 the Internal Revenue Code.

3 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
4 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
5 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
6 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

7 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the
8 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a
9 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction
10 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs
11 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for
12 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be
13 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is
14 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of
15 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to
16 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation
17 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the
18 individual.

19 13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,
20 nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident
21 individual taxpayer in connection with:
22 (1) the adoption of a minor, or
23 (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not
24 result in a decreed adoption,

1 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross
2 income.

3 b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
4 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
5 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.

6 c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
7 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
8 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
9 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
10 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
11 verification.

12 d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees,
13 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and
14 expenses which are directly related to the legal
15 process of adoption of a child including, but not
16 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,
17 health and psychological examinations, transportation
18 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child
19 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the
20 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other
21 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses"
22 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the
23 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and
24 after the point of the initiation of the contest,

1 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation
2 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or
3 property, except for a special needs child as
4 authorized by the court.

5 14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
6 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
7 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
8 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and
9 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five
10 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing
11 status is single, head of household, or married filing
12 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or
13 less if the filing status is married filing joint or
14 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.
15 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
16 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
17 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
18 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is
19 less than the qualifying amount specified in this
20 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

21 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount
22 shall be as follows:

23 (1) in taxable years beginning after December 31,
24 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the

1 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand
2 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the
3 filing status is single, head of household, or
4 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand
5 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status
6 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

7 (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007,
8 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand
9 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status
10 is single, head of household, or married filing
11 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
12 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
13 married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

14 (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
15 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
16 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
17 filing status is single, head of household, or
18 married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-
19 five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
20 the filing status is married filing jointly or
21 qualifying widow,

22 (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
23 the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
24 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the

1 filing status is single, head of household, or
2 married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
3 Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
4 status is married filing jointly or qualifying
5 widow, and

6 (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
7 and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
8 limitation upon the qualifying amount.

9 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
10 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
11 following:

12 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
13 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,

15 (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that
16 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,

18 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
19 trust or simplified employee pension that
20 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,

22 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
23 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
24 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),

(5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the requirements of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
(6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 402(e).

d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years.

15. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a

1 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
2 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any
3 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal
4 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an
5 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the
6 production of agricultural products.

7 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount
8 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship
9 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps
10 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the
11 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

12 17. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,
13 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a
14 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts
15 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings
16 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of
17 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the
18 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand
19 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for
20 each account.

21 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
22 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for
23 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the
24 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual

deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to all such accounts plus any contributions to such accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in the year for which the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from income for the succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be taken for contributions and rollovers made during a taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

- c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, deductions for contributions made pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as follows:

1 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year
2 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or
3 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the
4 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to
5 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced
6 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or
7 nonqualified withdrawal, and

8 (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or
9 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year
10 in which a contribution was made to the
11 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise
12 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this
13 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the
14 contribution which is equal to the rollover or
15 nonqualified withdrawal.

16 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a
17 contribution for which a deduction has been taken
18 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within
19 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount
20 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted
21 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of
22 the rollover.

23 e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
24 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant

1 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
2 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
3 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
4 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

5 f. As used in this paragraph:

6 (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
7 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
8 other than one of the following:

9 (a) a qualified withdrawal,

10 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death
11 or disability of the designated beneficiary
12 of an account,

13 (c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of
14 a scholarship or the allowance or payment
15 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or
16 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by
17 the designated beneficiary to the extent the
18 amount of the refund does not exceed the
19 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or
20 payment, or

21 (d) a rollover or change of designated
22 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of
23 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma
24 Statutes, and

1 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the
2 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan
3 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

4 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,
5 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of
6 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the
7 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten
8 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income
9 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by
10 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

11 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
12 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
13 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security
14 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
15 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
16 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
17 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

- 18 a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty
19 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
20 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty
21 percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
22 c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty
23 percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
24

- 1 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty
2 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
3 e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and
4 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)
5 of such benefits shall be exempt.

6 20. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a
7 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand
8 Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross
9 income if the individual, or the dependent of the
10 individual, while living, donates one or more human
11 organs of the individual to another human being for
12 human organ transplantation. As used in this
13 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver,
14 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A
15 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be
16 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ
17 transplantation occurs.

18 b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
19 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
20 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
21 related to the organ donation of the individual.

22 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
23 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
24 contain a specific list of expenses which may be

1 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
2 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
3 verification.

4 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there
5 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the
6 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
7 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-
8 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

9 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
10 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
11 exempted under Section 85 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
12 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

13 23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there
14 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less
15 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award
16 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For
17 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a
18 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the
19 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a
20 scholarship in its books and records.

21 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016,
22 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local
23 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes

1 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the
2 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted
3 after any such limitations are applied.

4 F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
5 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
6 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital
7 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of
8 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

9 2. As used in this subsection:

10 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
11 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
12 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
13 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
14 result from:

15 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
16 property located within Oklahoma that has been
17 directly or indirectly owned by the individual
18 taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
19 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction
20 from which such net capital gains arise,

21 (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or
22 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma
23 company, limited liability company, or
24 partnership where such stock or ownership

1 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by
2 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of
3 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the
4 transaction from which the net capital gains
5 arise, or

6 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
7 property or intangible personal property located
8 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
9 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
10 company, limited liability company, or
11 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
12 business enterprise where such property has been
13 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or
14 business enterprise or owned by the owners of
15 such entity or business enterprise for a period
16 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of
17 the transaction from which the net capital gains
18 arise,

19 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
20 time. The holding period shall include any additional
21 period when the property was held by another
22 individual or entity, if such additional period is
23 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
24 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

1 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or
2 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
3 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
4 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date
5 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
6 arise,

7 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns
8 the asset,

9 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an
10 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-
11 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise
12 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

13 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
14 tangible personal property located within
15 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
16 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
17 through entity that makes the sale has held the
18 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
19 years prior to the date of the transaction that
20 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
21 entity included in the chain of ownership has
22 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
23 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
24

1 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
2 five (5) years.

3 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
4 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
5 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
6 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma
7 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction
8 described in this subsection shall not apply
9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for
11 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior
12 to the date of the transaction that created the
13 capital gain, and each pass-through entity
14 included in the chain of ownership has been a
15 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-
16 through entity in the tier immediately below it
17 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two
18 (2) years. For purposes of this division,
19 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007,
20 shall be included in the determination of the
21 required holding period prescribed by this
22 division, and

23 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a
24 business enterprise whose income and expenses have

1 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar
3 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue
4 Service and whose primary headquarters have been
5 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3)
6 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
7 transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

8 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income
9 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed
10 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment
11 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in
12 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real
13 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

14 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under
15 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents
16 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust
17 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
18 subsection. As used in this subsection:

- 19 a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
20 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
22 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means
23 a real estate investment trust, the shares or
24 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded

1 on an established securities market and more than
2 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of
3 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned
4 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or
5 constructively, by a single entity that is:

6 (1) treated as an association taxable as a
7 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of
8 1986, as amended, and

9 (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
10 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

12 The term shall not include a real estate investment
13 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an
14 established securities market, and that satisfies the
15 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S.
16 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2)
17 of the Internal Revenue Code,

18 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
19 not include the following entities:

20 (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in
21 paragraph a of this subsection other than a
22 "captive real estate investment trust", or

23 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust
24 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than a qualified REIT subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment trust", or

- (3) any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed Investment Scheme" under the Australian Corporations Act in which the principal class of units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in Australia and is regularly traded on an established securities market), or an entity organized as a trust, provided that a Listed Australian Property Trust owns or controls, directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or
- (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the laws of the United States and which satisfies the following criteria:
- (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented by real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c) (5) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code of

1 1986, as amended, thereby including shares
2 or certificates of beneficial interest in
3 any real estate investment trust, cash and
4 cash equivalents, and U.S. Government
5 securities,

6 (b) the entity receives a dividend-paid
7 deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
9 or is exempt from entity level tax,

10 (c) the entity is required to distribute at
11 least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
12 taxable income, as computed in the
13 jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
14 the holders of its shares or certificates of
15 beneficial interest on an annual basis,

16 (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the
17 voting power or value in such entity is held
18 directly or indirectly or constructively by
19 a single entity or individual, or the shares
20 or beneficial interests of such entity are
21 regularly traded on an established
22 securities market, and

23 (e) the entity is organized in a country which
24 has a tax treaty with the United States.

1 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
2 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
3 amended, as modified by Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue
4 Code of 1986, as amended, shall apply in determining the ownership
5 of stock, assets, or net profits of any person.

6 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become
7 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1)
8 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment
9 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an
10 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first
11 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended
12 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or
13 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real
14 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real
15 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on
16 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
17 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate
18 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal
19 Revenue Code.

20 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2368, as
21 amended by Section 2, Chapter 28, O.S.L. 2016 (68 O.S. Supp. 2016,
22 Section 2368), is amended to read as follows:

23 Section 2368. A. The For tax years ending before January 1,
24 2017, the following individuals shall each make a return stating

specifically the taxable income and, where necessary, the adjusted gross income and the adjustments provided in Section 2351 et seq. of this title to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and, where necessary, Oklahoma adjusted gross income:

1. Every resident individual having a gross income, or gross receipts, for the taxable year in an amount sufficient to require the filing of a federal income tax return, if single, or if married and not living with husband or wife; and

2. Every resident individual having a gross income, or gross receipts, for the taxable year in an amount sufficient to require the filing of a federal income tax return, if married and living with husband or wife.

Provided however, every resident individual who does not meet the requirements sufficient to file a federal return, but has Oklahoma withholding, may file a claim for refund for all Oklahoma income taxes withheld and shall not be subject to the provisions of Section 2358 of this title; and

3. Every nonresident individual having Oklahoma gross income for the taxable year of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or more.

B. If a husband and wife, living together, have an aggregate gross income or gross receipts, for such year, in an amount sufficient to require the filing of a federal income tax return:

1. Each shall make a return; or

1 2. The income of each shall be included in a single joint
2 return, in which case the tax shall be computed on the aggregate net
3 income.

4 C. 1. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017,
5 every resident individual whose gross income from both within and
6 outside of Oklahoma exceeds the sum of the standard deduction and
7 personal exemption allowed in Section 2358 of this title shall file
8 an Oklahoma income tax return. Resident individuals not required to
9 file a federal income tax return must attach a completed federal
10 income tax return to the Oklahoma income tax return to show how
11 adjusted gross income and deductions were determined, if their gross
12 income is more than their adjusted gross income. The Oklahoma
13 income tax return must show the taxable income and, where necessary,
14 the adjusted gross income and modifications required by Section 2351
15 et seq. of this title, and any other information the Tax Commission
16 may require.

17 2. Every nonresident individual having Oklahoma gross income
18 for the taxable year of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or more
19 shall file an Oklahoma income tax return.

20 D. If an individual is unable to make his or her own return,
21 the return shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the
22 guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or
23 property of such individual.

1 ~~D.~~ E. Every partnership shall make a return for each taxable
2 year, stating the taxable income and the adjustments to arrive at
3 Oklahoma income. The Oklahoma return shall include a schedule
4 showing the distribution to partners of the various items of income
5 as per the federal return and the adjustments required by Section
6 2351 et seq. of this title for Oklahoma. The return shall be signed
7 by one of the partners. If a partnership has elected pursuant to
8 the provisions of Section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any
9 provision comparable thereto, not to file partnership income tax
10 returns, that partnership shall not be required to file an Oklahoma
11 partnership return. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate
12 rules for purposes of partnership returns when multiple partners
13 would otherwise be required to file a nonresident return. The rules
14 shall provide a specific number of partners in a partnership above
15 which a composite return may be filed. The return shall be in such
16 form as prescribed by the Tax Commission.

17 ~~E.~~ F. Every corporation shall make a return for each taxable
18 year stating the taxable income and the adjustments provided in
19 Section 2351 et seq. of this title to arrive at Oklahoma taxable
20 income. In addition, corporations electing subchapter S treatment
21 pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and Section 2351 et seq. of
22 this title, shall include a schedule showing the distribution to
23 shareholders of the various items of income as per the federal
24 return and the adjustments for Oklahoma. All corporation returns

1 shall be signed by the president, vice president, or other principal
2 officer and the corporate seal impressed. In cases where receivers,
3 trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are operating the property or
4 business of corporations, such receivers, trustees, or assignees
5 shall make a return for such corporations in the same manner and
6 form as corporations are required to make returns. Any tax due on
7 the basis of such returns made by receivers, trustees, or assignees
8 shall be collected in the same manner as if collected from the
9 corporations of whose business or property they have custody and
10 control.

11 ~~F.~~ G. Every resident estate and trust shall make a return for
12 each taxable year stating the taxable income and the adjustments to
13 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income. Every nonresident estate or
14 trust having Oklahoma taxable income as provided in Section 2362 of
15 this title shall make a return for each taxable year stating the
16 taxable income and the adjustments to arrive at Oklahoma taxable
17 income. The Oklahoma return shall include a schedule showing the
18 distribution to beneficiaries, if any, of the various items of
19 income as per the federal return and the adjustments for Oklahoma.
20 The fiduciary shall be responsible for making the return and the
21 return shall be signed by the fiduciary, or by one fiduciary if
22 there is more than one. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
23 for purposes of estate and trust returns when multiple returns would
24 otherwise be required of nonresident beneficiaries of estates or

1 trusts. The return shall be in such form as prescribed by the Tax
2 Commission.

3 ~~G.~~ H. 1. All individual returns, except individual returns
4 filed electronically, made on the basis of the calendar year shall
5 be due on or before the fifteenth day of April following the close
6 of the taxable year. Provided, if the Internal Revenue Code
7 provides for a later due date for returns of individuals, the Tax
8 Commission shall accept returns filed by individuals by such date
9 and such returns shall be considered as timely filed.

10 2. All individual returns filed electronically, made on the
11 basis of the calendar year, shall be due on or before the twentieth
12 day of April following the close of the taxable year.

13 3. All individual returns made on the basis of a fiscal year
14 shall be due on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month
15 following the close of the fiscal year.

16 4. For tax years beginning before January 1, 2016, calendar
17 year corporation returns shall be due on or before the fifteenth day
18 of March following the close of the taxable year. For tax years
19 beginning on or after January 1, 2016, calendar year corporation
20 returns shall be due no later than thirty (30) days after the due
21 date established under the Internal Revenue Code.

22 5. For tax years beginning before January 1, 2016, fiscal year
23 corporation returns shall be due on or before the fifteenth day of
24 the third month following the close of the fiscal year. For tax

1 years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, fiscal year corporation
2 returns shall be due no later than thirty (30) days after the due
3 date established under the Internal Revenue Code.

4 6. For tax years beginning before January 1, 2016, partnership
5 returns shall be due on or before the fifteenth day of April
6 following the close of the taxable year. For tax years beginning on
7 or after January 1, 2016, partnership returns shall be due no later
8 than thirty (30) days after the due date established under the
9 Internal Revenue Code.

10 7. All estate and trust returns made on the basis of the
11 calendar year shall be due on or before the fifteenth day of April
12 following the close of the taxable year. All estate and trust
13 returns made on the basis of a fiscal year shall be due on or before
14 the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the
15 fiscal year.

16 8. In the case of complete liquidation, or the dissolution, of
17 a corporation the return of such corporation shall be made on or
18 before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the month in
19 which the corporation is completely liquidated. A corporation which
20 has terminated its business activities, satisfied or made provision
21 for all of its liabilities or has distributed all of its assets,
22 even though not formally dissolved under state law, is deemed to
23 have completely liquidated for purposes of this subsection.

1 ~~H.~~ I. Returns by individuals, fiduciaries, partnerships,
2 corporations or any other person or entity required, or that may
3 hereafter be required to file a return, shall contain or be verified
4 by a written declaration that such return is made under the
5 penalties of perjury and the fact that any individual's name is
6 signed to a filed return shall be prima facie evidence for all
7 purposes that the return was actually signed by that individual.
8 Provided, the Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to provide
9 procedures for verification of signatures on returns which are filed
10 electronically.

11 ~~H.~~ J. Every return required by Section 2351 et seq. of this
12 title shall be in such form as the Tax Commission may, from time to
13 time, prescribe. Each return shall be filed with the Tax Commission
14 and forms shall be furnished by the Tax Commission on application
15 therefor, but failure to secure or receive the form of a return
16 prescribed shall not relieve any taxpayer from the obligation of
17 making and filing any return herein required.

18 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective January 1, 2017.
19

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